



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENT, GREAT LAKES, AND ENERGY

Online Resources Available to Stream and Lake Monitoring Groups

Tamara Lipsey, Chris Vandenberg, Ryan Crouch,
Molly Rippke, Kevin Walters

Staff from Water Resources Division, EGLE

Tamara Lipsey, Aquatic Biology Specialist, MiCorps Program Lead
Water Resources Division
517.342.4372 | lipseyt@michigan.gov



Outline

- How's My Waterway- [Tamara Lipsey](#)
- Biological Monitoring Story Map- [Chris Vandenberg](#)
- Lake Water Clarity Application- [Chris Vandenberg](#)
- EGLE Aquatic Nuisance Program Resources- [Ryan Crouch](#)
- E.coli Mapper- [Molly Rippke](#)
- Aquatic Invasive Species Resources- [Kevin Walters](#)

How's My Waterway

- <https://mywaterway.epa.gov/>
- EPA tool that helps users find information on the condition of their waters
- Can access via smart phone, tablet, or computer.
- Developed to help users find basic information about the condition of their waterways and provides easy access to EPA's public water quality information. **Includes:**
 - MiCorps Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program water chemistry data
 - EGLE Water Resources Division data



How's My Waterway?

Explore, Discover and Learn about your water.

Let's get started!



Search by address, zip code, or place...



» Go

OR

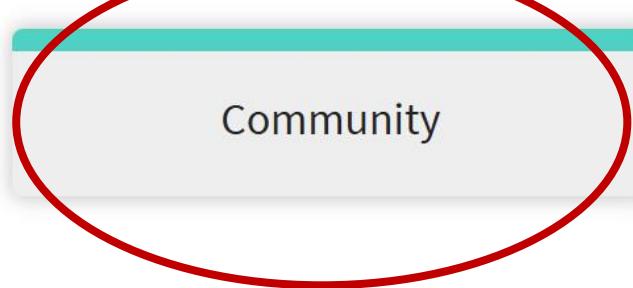
Use My Location

Choose a place to learn about your waters:

Community

State & Tribal

National





Inside EGLE - Home

Michigan Clean Wat...

Login | MiCorps

SWAS Biological Mo...

Biological Monitorin...

MiCorps-new website

Let's get started!

 Search by address, zip code, o...
▼

» Go

OR

Use My Location



Explore Your Water

Enter a location in the search box to explore waters in your area and find out information about the following:



Overview



Swimming: EPA, states, and tribes monitor and assess water quality to keep you safe while swimming, wading, or boating.



Eating Fish: EPA, states, and tribes monitor and assess water quality to determine if fish and shellfish are safe to eat.



Aquatic Life: EPA, states, and tribes monitor and assess water quality to determine the impact of impairments on plants and animals living in the water.



Drinking Water: Who provides drinking water in your community?



How's My Waterway - Community

https://mywaterway.epa.gov/community/little%20long%20lake,%20mi/overview

Inside EGLE - Home Michigan Clean Wat... Login | MiCorps SWAS Biological Mo... Biological Monitorin... MiCorps-new website

Let's get started!

little long lake, mi OR

SIZE: 24,011 acres / 97.17 km²

Overview Swimming Eating Fish Aquatic Life Drinking Water Water Mo...

Overview

Show Text

Your Waters: What We Know

Waters in your community are connected within a local watershed. The dashed outline on the map shows your watershed.

Water quality is monitored for physical, chemical and biological factors. The monitoring results are assessed against EPA approved water quality standards or thresholds. Water can be impaired, meaning it is not able to be used for certain purposes.... [Show more](#)

DISCLAIMER

9 Waterbodies

48 Water Monitoring Locations

2 Permitted Dischargers

Waterbodies Water Monitoring Locations Permitted Dischargers

Powered by Esri

Kalamazoo County GIS, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS

How's My Waterway - Community - X

https://mywaterway.epa.gov/community/little%20long%20lake,%20mi/overview

Inside EGLE - Home Michigan Clean Wat... Login | MiCorps SWAS Biological Mo... Biological Monitorin... MiCorps-new website

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little long lake, mi X » Go OR Use My Location

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Show Text

Overview

Your Waters: What We Know

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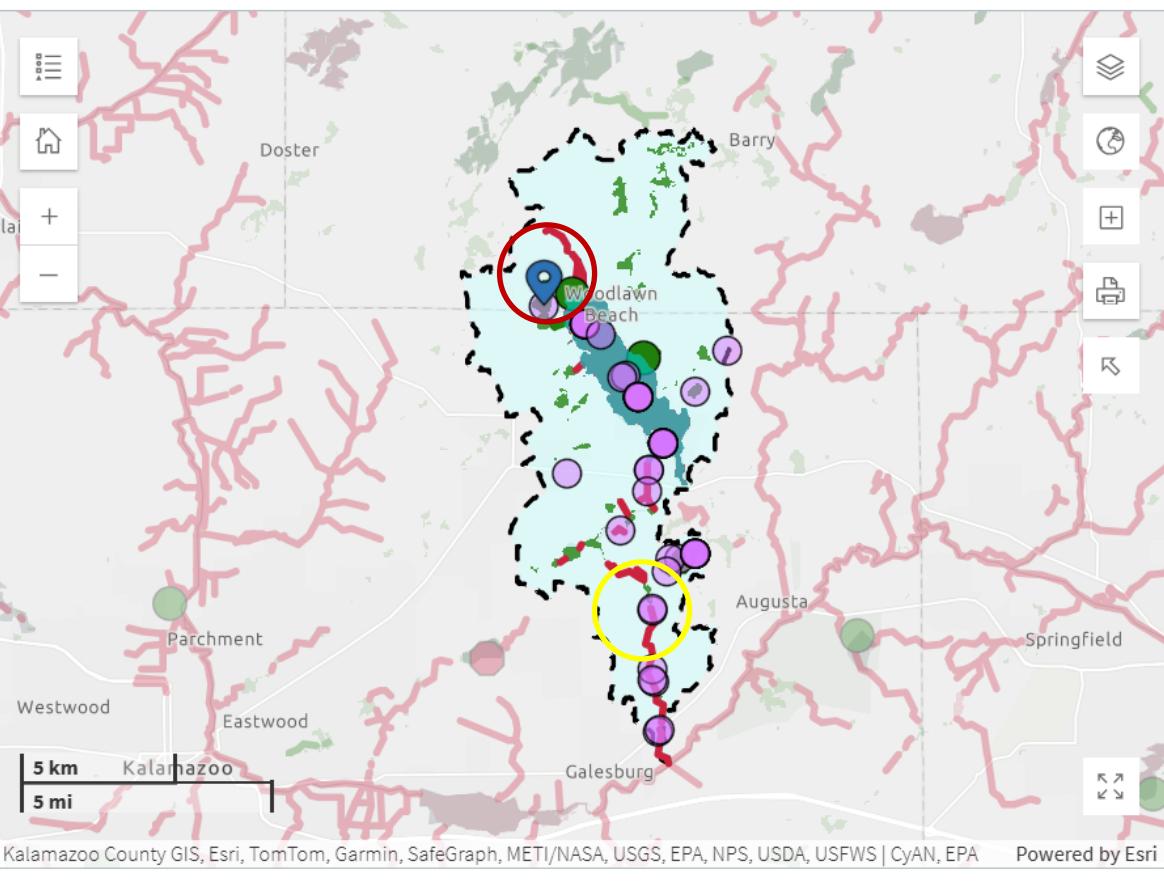
Water quality is monitored for physical, chemical and biological factors. The monitoring results are assessed against EPA approved water quality standards or thresholds. Water can be impaired, meaning it is not able to be used for certain purposes.... [Show more](#)

DISCLAIMER

9 Waterbodies 2 Permitted Dischargers

48 Water Monitoring Locations Water Monitoring Locations

Waterbodies Permitted Dischargers



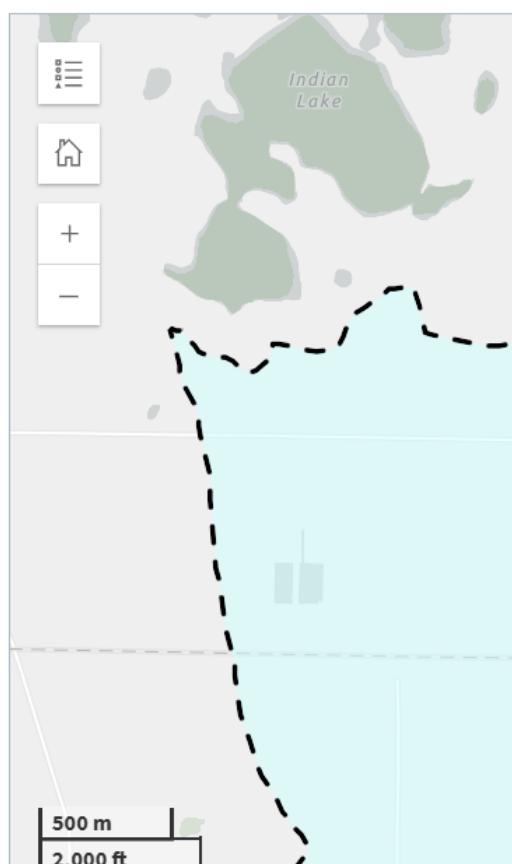
How's My Waterway - Community +

https://mywaterway.epa.gov/community/little%20long%20lake,%20mi/ov

Inside EGLE - Home Michigan Clean Wat... Login | MiCorps SWAS Biological

Let's get started!

little long lake, mi X » Go OR Use My Location



**LITTLE LONG LAKE
CENTRAL BASIN;
PRAIRIEVILLE TOWNSHIP,
SEC. 36**

Physical 3,802

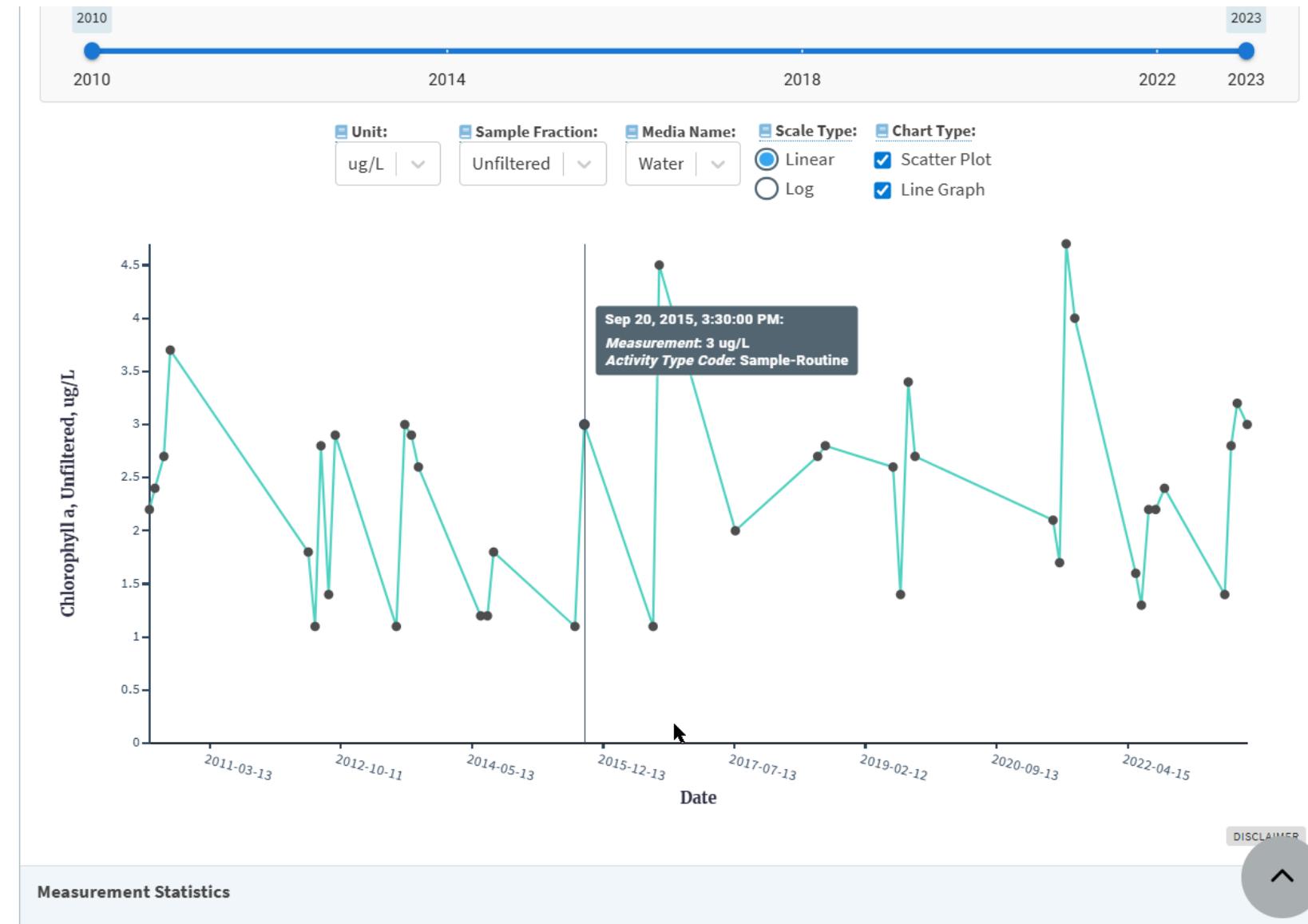
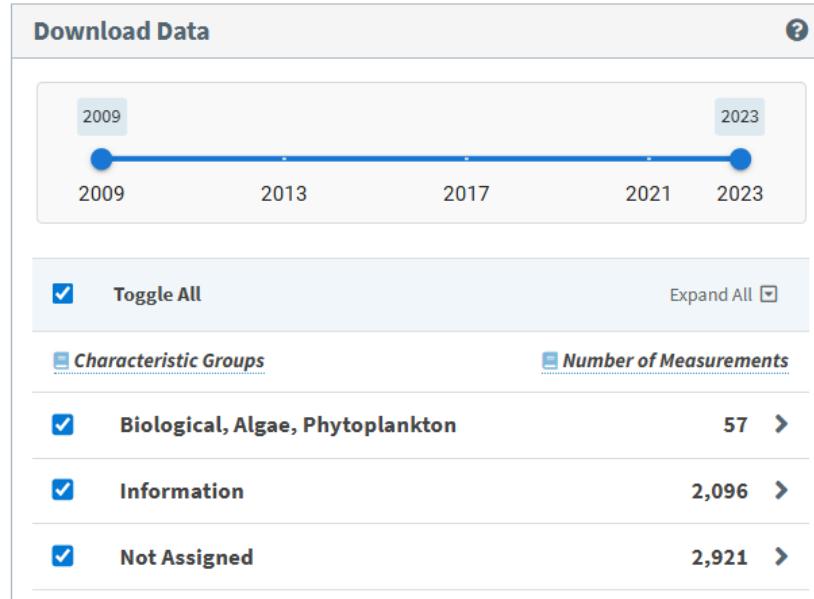
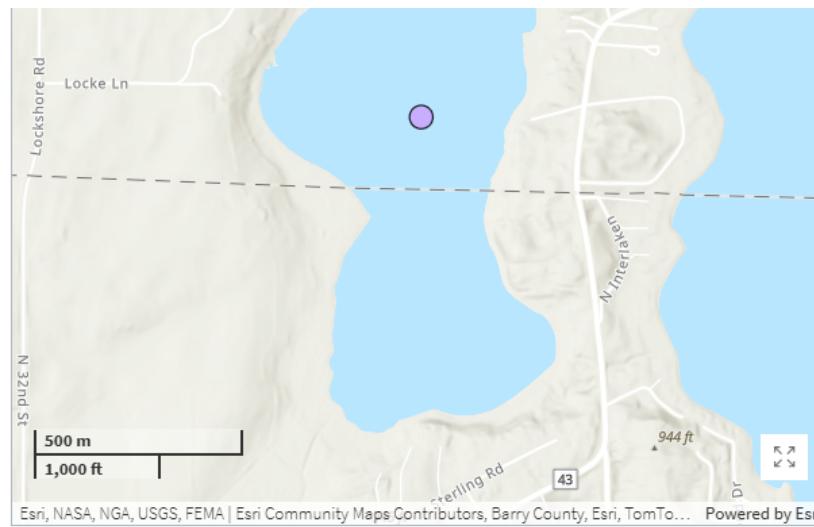
Total 8,902

Advanced Filtering
(opens new browser tab)

Download Selected Data X CSV

View Water Monitoring Report
(opens new browser tab)

Barry County, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, US Census B... Powered by Esri



MiCorps

Monitoring Michigan's Water Quality

www.micorps.net



@MiCorps



Instagram
micorpsmi

Tamara Lipsey, MiCorps Program Lead
Water Resources Division, EGLE
517.342.4372 | lipseyt@michigan.gov

Biological Monitoring of Michigan's Rivers and Streams StoryMap Online Demonstration

Chris Vandenberg

Water Resources Division

517-342-4543 | vandenbergc@Michigan.gov

Michigan Lake Water Clarity Dashboard

Online Demonstration

Chris Vandenberg

Water Resources Division

517-342-4543 | vandenbergc@Michigan.gov



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENT, GREAT LAKES, AND ENERGY

Aquatic Nuisance Control Program Update

Ryan Crouch

Water Resources Division

517-388-7139 | CrouchR1@Michigan.gov

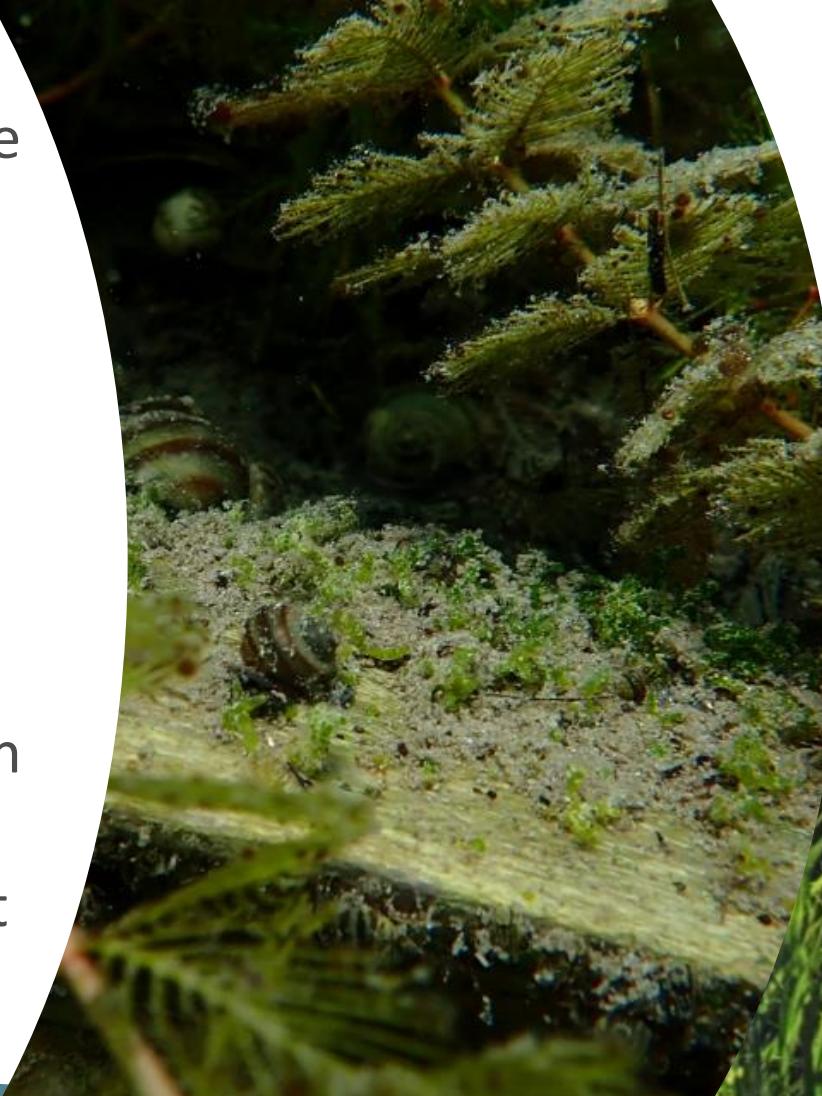
Aquatic Nuisance Control (ANC) Permitting

- Water Quality and Aquatic Nuisance Control Permits Unit
- 5 Staff based in Lansing
- ANC permits use of pesticides to treat
 - Invasive species
 - Nuisance aquatic plants
 - Algae
- PART 33, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (NREPA)
- www.mi.gov/anc under Aquatic Nuisance Laws & Rules
- Permits are written to treat nuisance plants, algae, and invasive species
- Protect water quality and aquatic life



Area of responsibility

- Projects spans from large inland lakes to small backyard ponds
 - Standard and Individual Permits
 - General Permits for specific projects
 - Ponds
 - Marinas/Canals on Great Lakes
 - Invasive Emergent Species



ANC Program Staff

Please use the telephone rotation schedule unless your call is related to an issue you have been addressing with a specific staff member. If necessary, leave a voice mail message for the person covering the telephones for that day; returning your call is his/her top priority for the day. EGLE's Aquatic Nuisance Control main telephone number is 517-284-5593.

If changes to the schedule are necessary, the voice mail of the scheduled person will direct callers to the appropriate alternate staff person.

General email address: EGLE-WRD-ANC@Michigan.gov. The email address should be used as you would the telephone rotation schedule. The person covering telephones on a given day will also be checking the email and is responsible for responding to you.

Staff	Position	Phone Number	Email Address
Joshua Allison	Unit Secretary	517-243-7260	AllisonJ6@Michigan.gov
Eric Bacon	Monday Coverage	517-331-5223	BaconE1@Michigan.gov
Lisa Huberty	Tuesday Coverage	517-331-5226	HubertyL@Michigan.gov
Mark Huffsmith	Wednesday Coverage	517-388-7138	HuffsmithM@Michigan.gov
Ryan Crouch	Thursday Coverage	517-388-7139	CrouchR1@Michigan.gov
Blake Cahill	Friday Coverage	517-331-6393	CahillB@Michigan.gov

FAQ: Aquatic Nuisance Control

Michigan.gov/egle/faqs/water-quality-protection/aquatic-nuisance-control

Do I need a permit to control aquatic vegetation on my property? ▼

Who do I contact for permits for lake digging, dredging, and/or beach grooming? ▼

What is a General Permit and Certificate of Coverage? ▼

How long do the permits last? ▼

May I apply chemicals myself, or do I need to hire a certified applicator? ▼

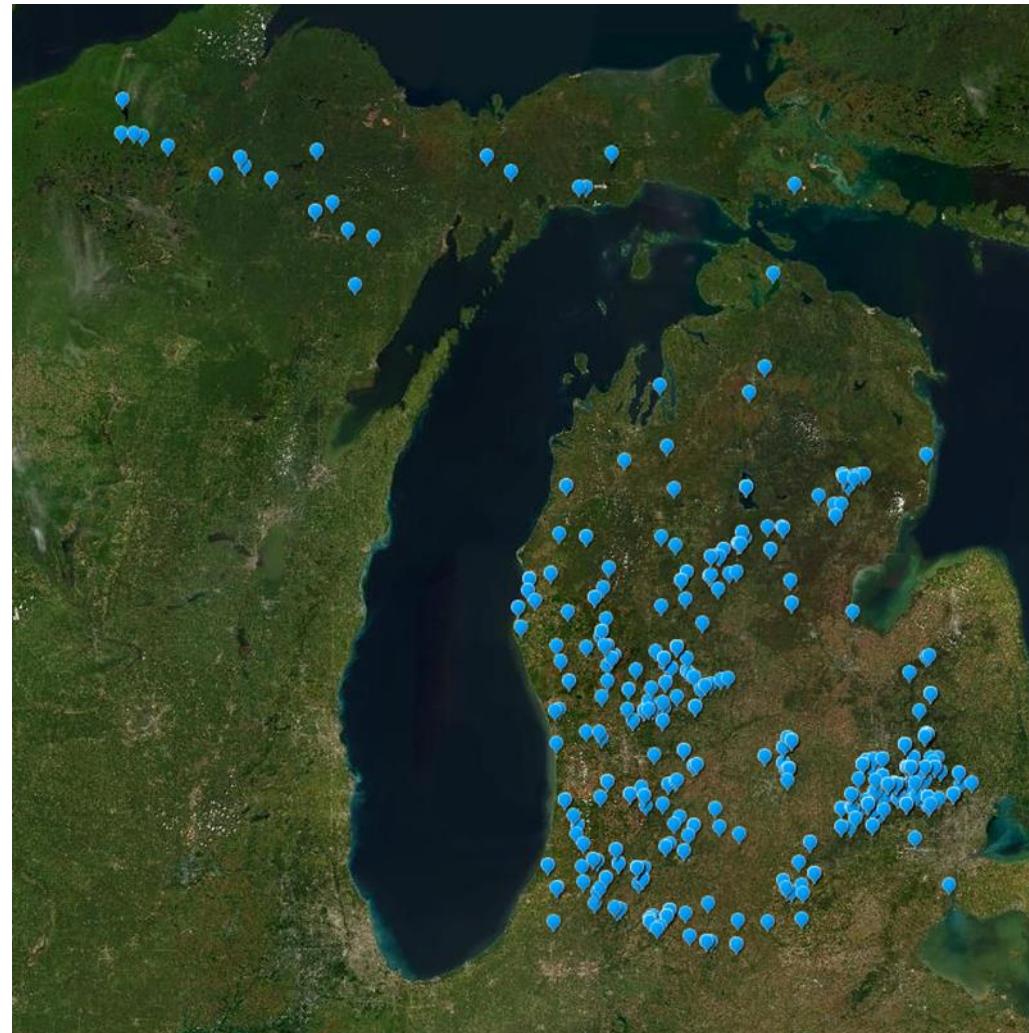
If I decide to hire a contractor, where can I find a list of licensed pesticide applicators? ▼

What happens if I treat without a permit or violate my permit? ▼

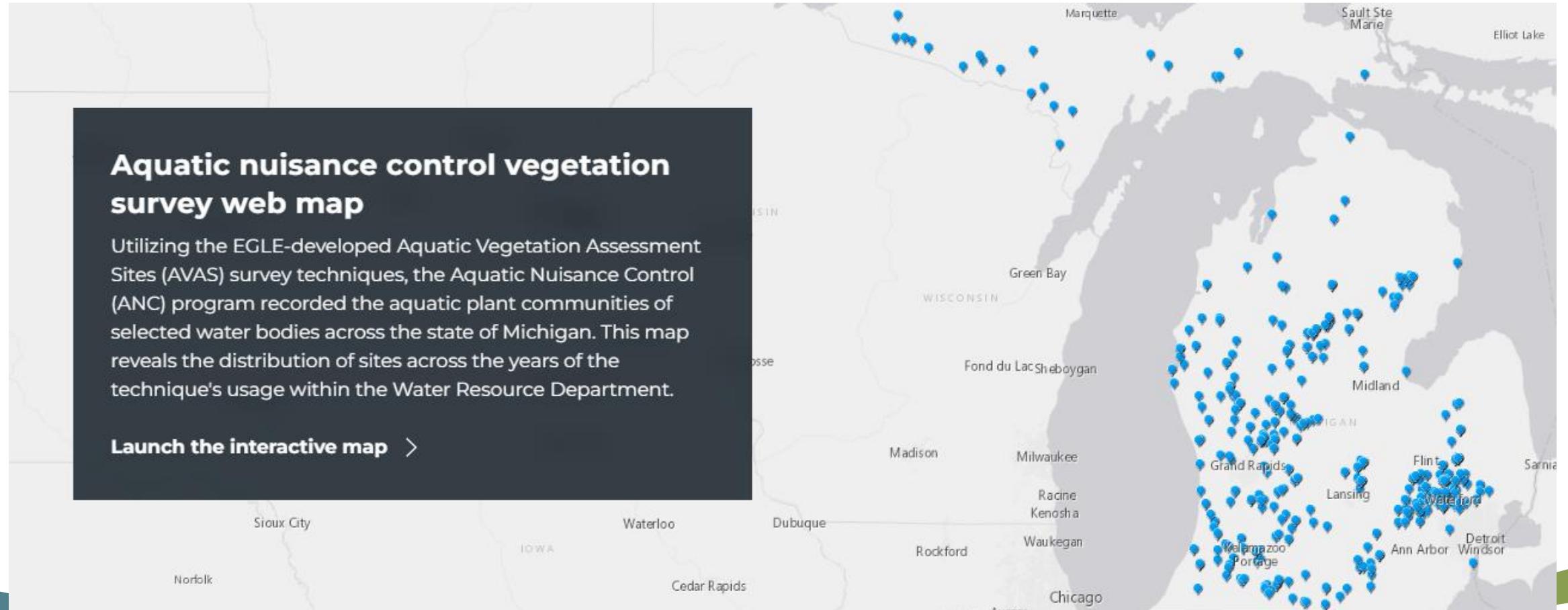
How can I find information about permit applications and in-effect permits for a specific waterbody? ▼

ANC Survey GIS Map

- Statewide map of vegetation surveys conducted by or sent to ANC by other surveyors (consultants, researchers, etc.)
- Link to map portal posted on Michigan.gov/ANC (scroll to middle of webpage)

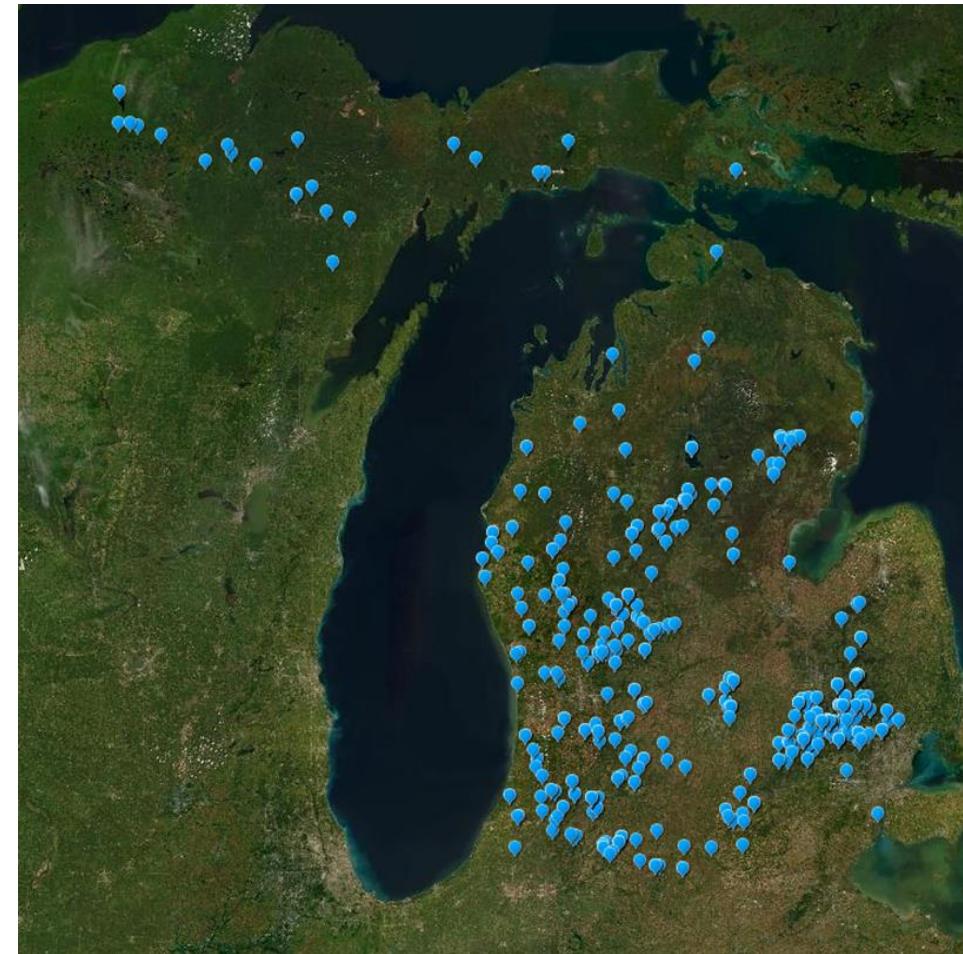


ANC Survey GIS Map



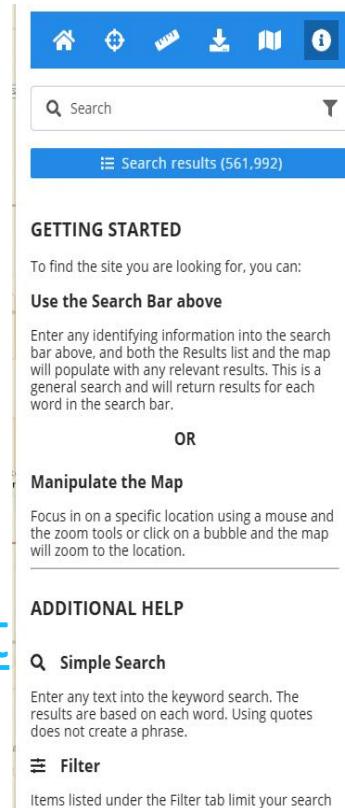
ANC Survey GIS Map

- Shows not just where surveys have been conducted but also how many surveys over the years
- Help to find actual survey data through MiEnviro Site Explorer where it is stored



MiEnviro Site Explorer Portal

- How to view public information related to Water Resources Permits in Michigan
- Michigan.gov/egle/maps-data/mienviroportal/site-map-explorer (User Guidance)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n6_rT3BfySU (Training Video)



Search

Search results (561,992)

GETTING STARTED

To find the site you are looking for, you can:

Use the Search Bar above

Enter any identifying information into the search bar above, and both the Results list and the map will populate with any relevant results. This is a general search and will return results for each word in the search bar.

OR

Manipulate the Map

Focus in on a specific location using a mouse and the zoom tools or click on a bubble and the map will zoom to the location.

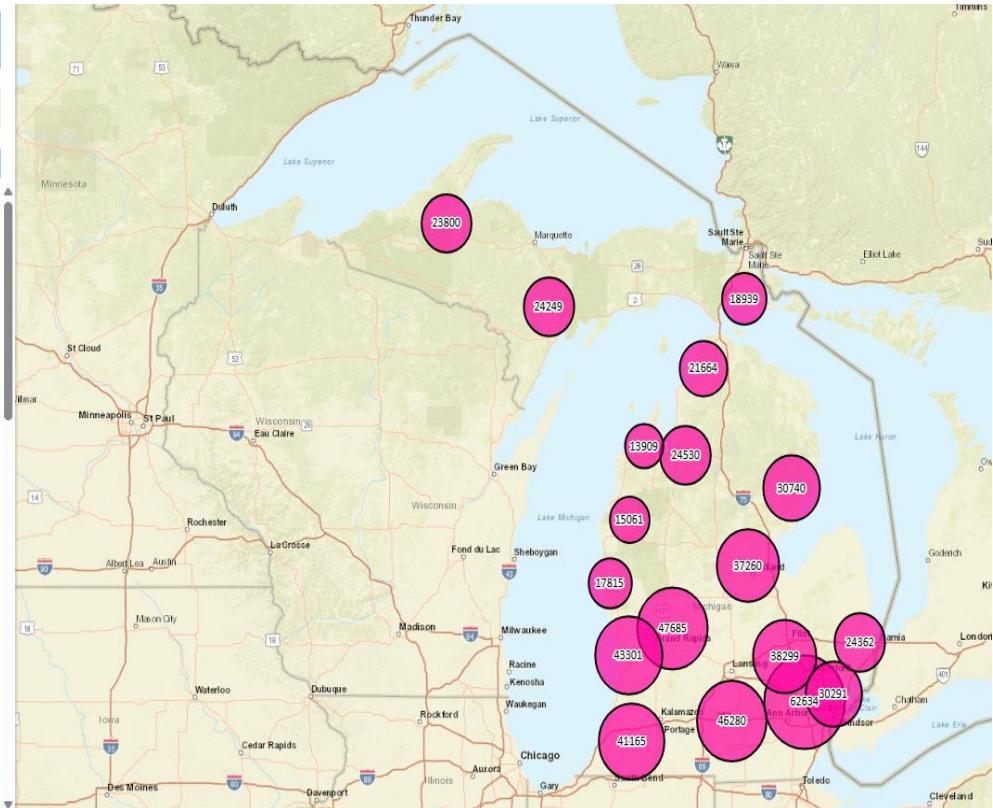
ADDITIONAL HELP

Simple Search

Enter any text into the keyword search. The results are based on each word. Using quotes does not create a phrase.

Filter

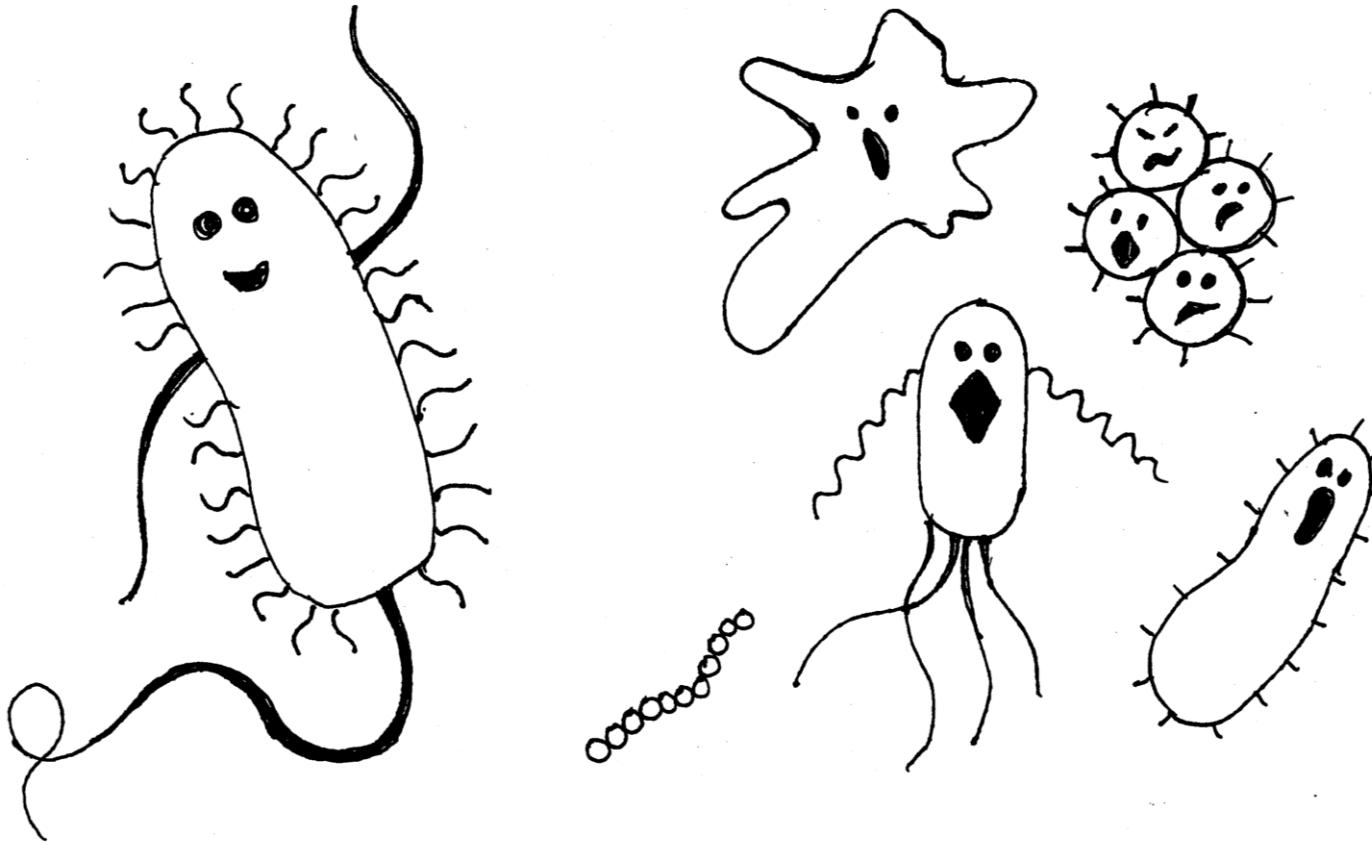
Items listed under the Filter tab limit your search





E. coli Pollution and Solution Mapper

Molly Rippke (rippkem@michigan.gov)
www.Michigan.gov/Ecoli

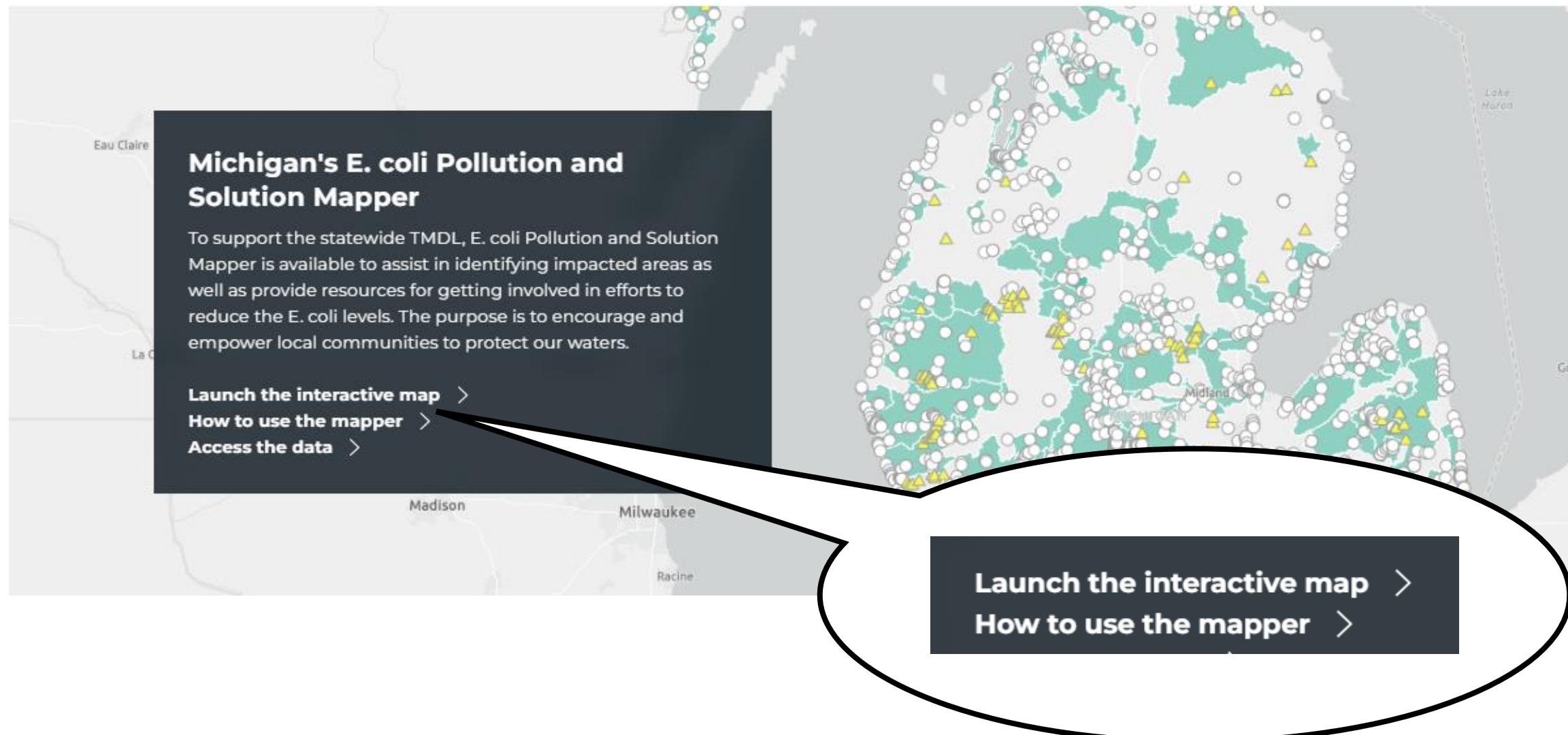


Purpose of this Tool

Inform the public of pathogen Water Quality monitoring sites, our results, and pollution issues

***E. coli* is our indicator of all water borne pathogens, to protect health during recreation.**

www.Michigan.gov/ecoli



The image shows the Michigan's E. coli Pollution and Solution Mapper website. The main feature is a map of the Great Lakes and surrounding areas, including Michigan, Indiana, and parts of Wisconsin and Ohio. The map is overlaid with numerous green and yellow markers, likely indicating E. coli sampling sites and pollution levels. A large, semi-transparent black box is overlaid on the map, containing the following text:

Michigan's E. coli Pollution and Solution Mapper

To support the statewide TMDL, E. coli Pollution and Solution Mapper is available to assist in identifying impacted areas as well as provide resources for getting involved in efforts to reduce the E. coli levels. The purpose is to encourage and empower local communities to protect our waters.

[Launch the interactive map >](#)

[How to use the mapper >](#)

[Access the data >](#)

Below this box, a large, rounded black button with white text is centered on the page, containing the following links:

[Launch the interactive map >](#)

[How to use the mapper >](#)



Michigan's *E. coli* Pollution and Solution Mapper

Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy

EGLE

Introduction E. coli Monitoring & Impaired Waters Potential Sources NPDES Discharges Nonpoint Sources Solutions Mapper Help

Introduction

Michigan residents and our visitors want and deserve safe and clean waters for swimming, boating, wading, and fishing. The *E. coli* Water Quality Standard (WQS) is intended to ensure that all streams, rivers, lakes, and beaches are safe for recreation from a human health standpoint. *E. coli* is a type of bacteria used as an indicator of fecal pollution; it also indicates the potential for other pathogens to be present. Sources of *E. coli* may include untreated human sewage through Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSO), untreated Combined Sewer Overflows (CSO), failing septic tanks, and illicit connections from these systems to surface waters. Animal waste is another source of *E. coli*, originating from practices such as livestock manure land applications, pastures, improper disposal of pet waste, and from wildlife. The Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) estimates, based on ambient monitoring (and extrapolation to the rest of the state waters), that approximately 50 percent of the rivers and streams in Michigan exceed the WQS for *E. coli*, and about 20 percent of monitored beaches have had closures recently due to bacterial pollution. To address these problems in an effective and efficient manner, EGLE has developed a [statewide *E. coli* Total Maximum Daily Load \(TMDL\)](#).



Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy

E. coli Monitoring & Impaired Waters



What is a TMDL?

A TMDL is a document that describes the problem, water quality target, potential sources of contamination/pollution, and regulatory and non-regulatory solutions. The TMDL will need to be implemented cooperatively by state and local government agencies, watershed groups, and interested citizens. A TMDL is required when the WQS is exceeded in surface water and the recreational designated use is impaired and, as required by the federal [Clean Water Act](#), the water body has been identified as impaired and listed in Section 303(d) of the [Integrated Report](#).

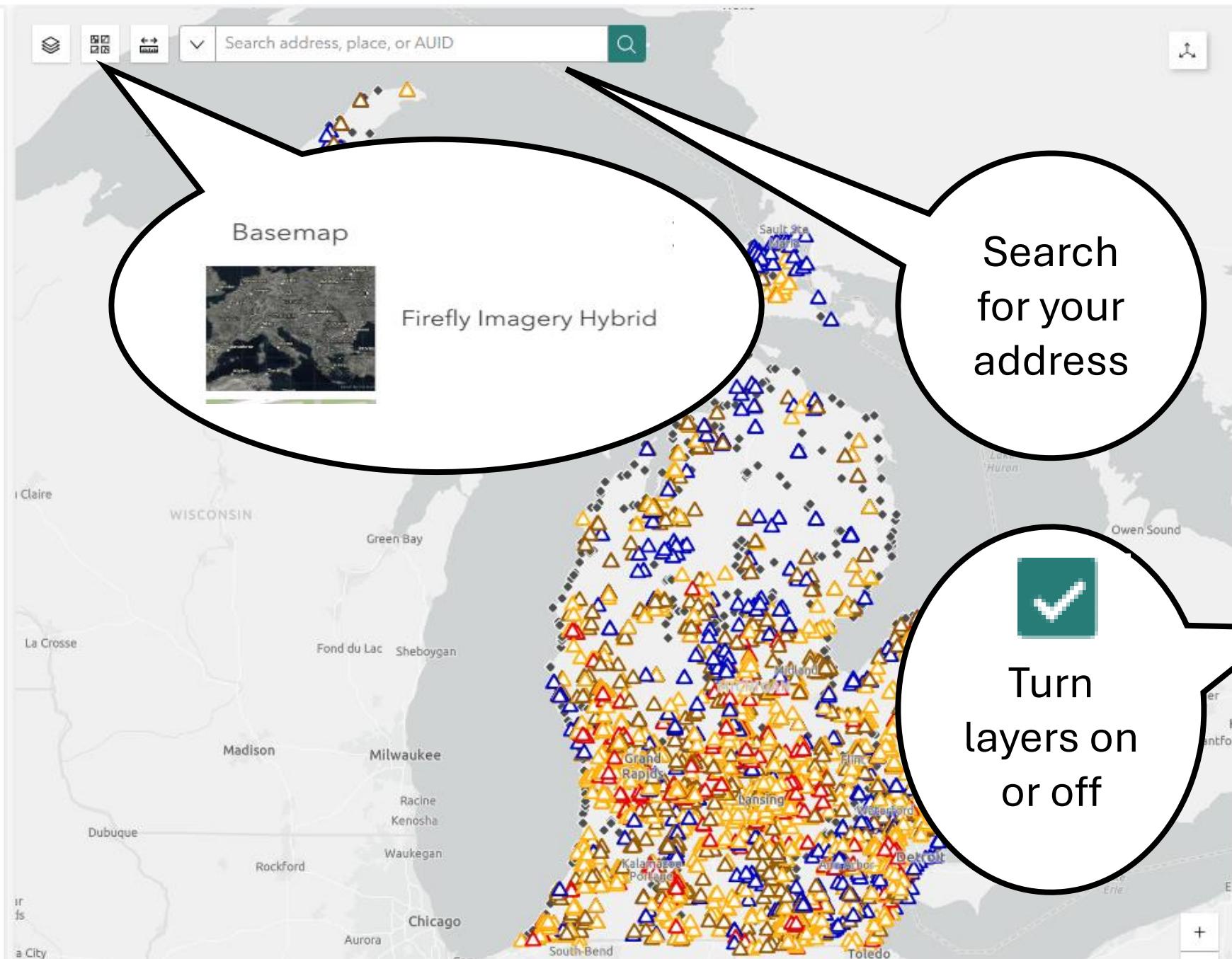
What is the purpose of this mapping tool?

These interactive maps (available in tabs at the top of this website) support Michigan's Statewide *E. coli* TMDL. The issue of *E. coli* contamination of our rivers, lakes, and beaches is complex. There are a multitude of potential sources, and there is rarely a single source or single solution. EGLE has regulations that we implement and enforce with the goal of reducing contamination. It is important to remember that just because the TMDL, or this mapping tool, mentions a potential source, that source may not actually contribute to a problem in a specific water body. The purpose of this mapping tool is to allow users to identify potential point and nonpoint sources of fecal pollution in their local areas. The



Need help?

For help getting started on using the mapping tool, please see the help tab. The information contained in the map is supplemental to the TMDL and EGLE recommends reading portions of the TMDL that pertain to each potential source. Sections of the TMDL that pertain to the map layers are identified in this document. Questions should be directed to Molly Rippke at RippkeM@Michigan.gov or 517-342-4419.



Click on a site for info: Year, Number of exceedances, etc.

Scroll right for more popups

Scroll Down for more info

E. coli River Monitoring Sites

TRIBUTARY TO KLINGER LAKE UPSTREAM OF BENHAM BEACH ROAD

Number Of Total Body Contact Exceedances: 80.00% (4)

Number of exceedances of the total and partial body contact water quality standards

Site ID/Storet	MI-750367
Site Description	TRIBUTARY TO KLINGER LAKE UPSTREAM OF BENHAM BEACH ROAD
Data Collector	EGLE

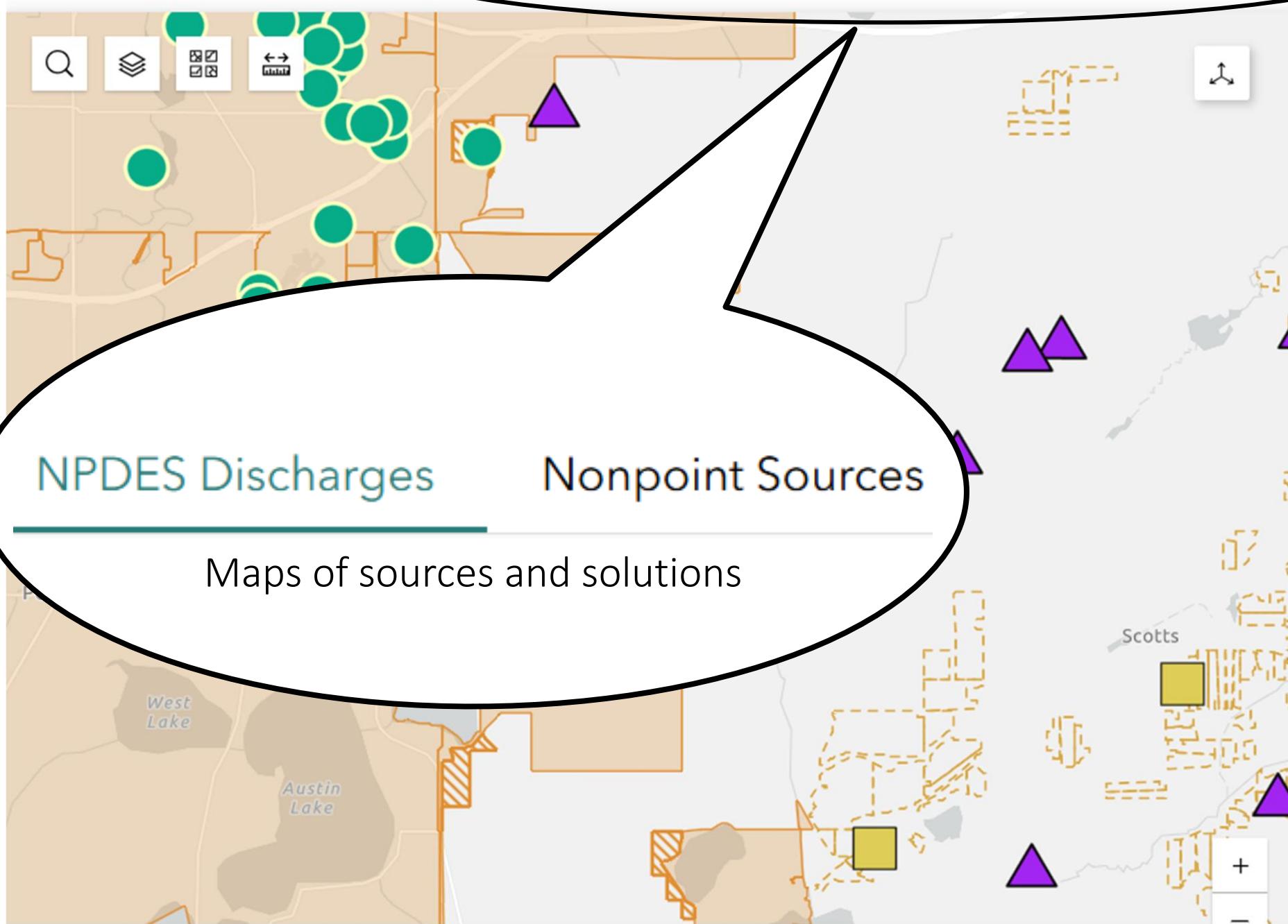
Links to download data, reports and How's My Waterway

EPA How's My Waterway Link	View
EPA Data Download	Not Available

E. coli River Monitoring Sites

Number of exceedances of the total and partial body contact water quality standards

Site ID/Storet	MI-750367
Site Description	TRIBUTARY TO KLINGER LAKE UPSTREAM OF BENHAM BEACH ROAD
Data Collector	EGLE
Number Of Samples	5.00
30-Day Standard Exceedance?	Yes
Year Monitored	2025
Report Url	Not Available
EPA How's My Waterway Link	View
EPA Data Download	Not Available

**Legend**

River E. coli Monitoring Sites

E. coli-Related NPDES Facilities

Biosolids Facility

Biosolids Site

CSO/RTB

Industrial Storm Water Only

Storm Water Coverage

WWTP/WWSL

Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs) 2023

Learn about sources of *E. coli* Pollution



Michigan's *E. coli* Pollution and Solution Mapper

Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy

EGLE

Introduction

E. coli Monitoring & Impaired Waters

Potential Sources

NPDES Discharges

Nonpoint Sources

Solutions

Mapper

Help

Potential Sources

In general, there are three types of sources; point, nonpoint, and illegal. The TMDL does not make a final or official determination of whether a source is regulated as a point or a nonpoint source; this determination is made by federal and state regulations.

Point sources, for the purpose of discussion in this TMDL, are sources that are regulated by National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits. NPDES permits regulate the discharge of pollutants into waterways from wastewater sources. Some types of stormwater are also regulated by NPDES permits. Potential point sources of *E. coli* are included in this map, and include: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4), industrial stormwater, wastewater treatment facilities, Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO), CSOs, SSOs, and biosolids land application.



Nonpoint sources of *E. coli* contamination include any source that is not a discharge regulated by an NPDES permit, including: unregulated stormwater, failing septic systems, regulated septic land application, unregulated livestock operations, manure land applications to agricultural fields, and pet and wildlife waste. Illicit discharges of wastewater (often human sewage) are also potential sources but are considered separately from point and nonpoint sources in this TMDL.



Illegal sources exist without a permit, and have not necessarily been discovered, so they are not included in this mapping system. Illegal sources include septic tanks that discharge to field tiles or surface water, milk house waste, barn wash water, direct discharges of manure from fields or farms, and SSOs. Information on issues that have been documented and are being acted upon by EGLE can be obtained from [MiEnviro Site Explorer](#). Visit [Section 7.5 of the E. coli Total Maximum Daily Load Document](#) to learn more about illegal sources.



Raccoons, deer, and other wildlife can be potentially significant nonpoint sources of *E. coli* if they congregate in large numbers or inhabit an area frequently.



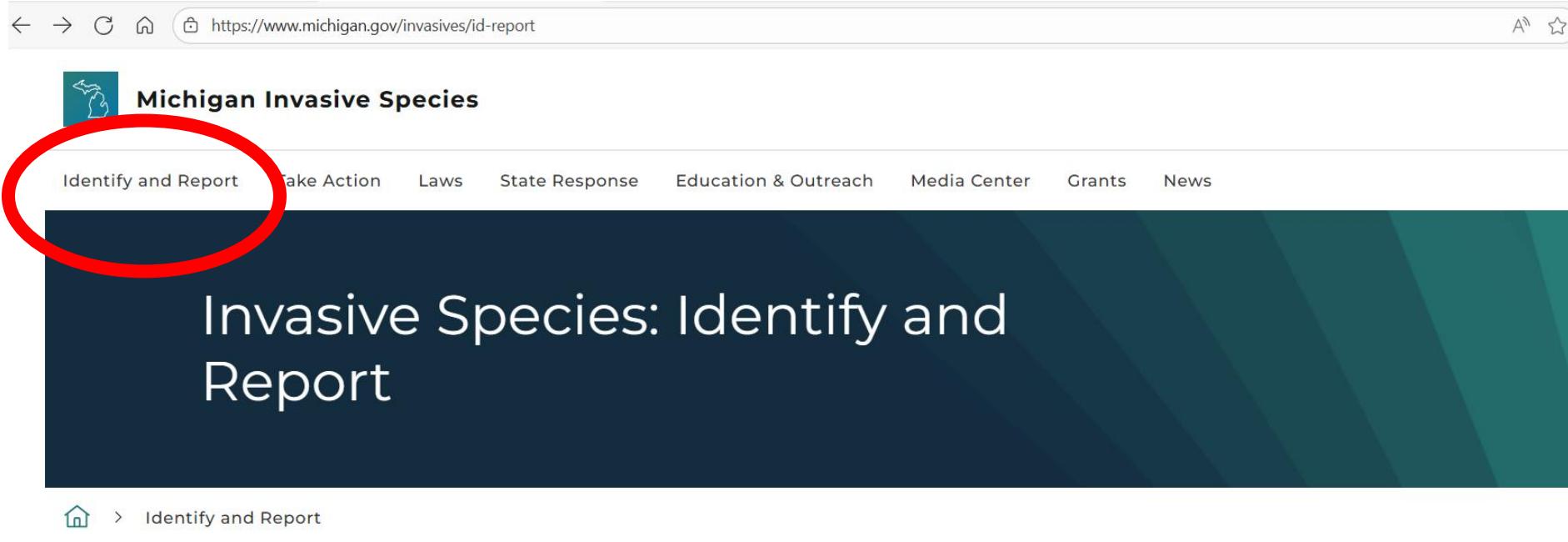
Issues, Help, or Comments?

For all things regarding pathogens in surface water, you can contact Molly at rippkem@michigan.gov

A photograph of a pond at sunset. The sky is a warm orange and yellow. The water is filled with large, green water lily pads. A single, pale yellow water lily flower is visible in the center-right. The sun is low on the horizon, creating a bright reflection on the water.

Online Resources for Aquatic Invasive Species

AIS Identification: www.Michigan.gov/InvasiveSpecies



The screenshot shows the Michigan Invasive Species website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Identify and Report (circled in red), Take Action, Laws, State Response, Education & Outreach, Media Center, Grants, and News. Below the navigation bar is a large banner with the text "Invasive Species: Identify and Report". At the bottom of the banner, there is a breadcrumb navigation: Home > Identify and Report. The main content area below the banner contains text about reporting invasive species and links to species profiles and reporting information.

← → ⌂ ⌂ https://www.michigan.gov/invasives/id-report

A ⌂ ☆

 Michigan Invasive Species

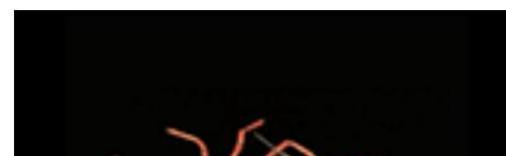
Identify and Report Take Action Laws State Response Education & Outreach Media Center Grants News

Invasive Species: Identify and Report

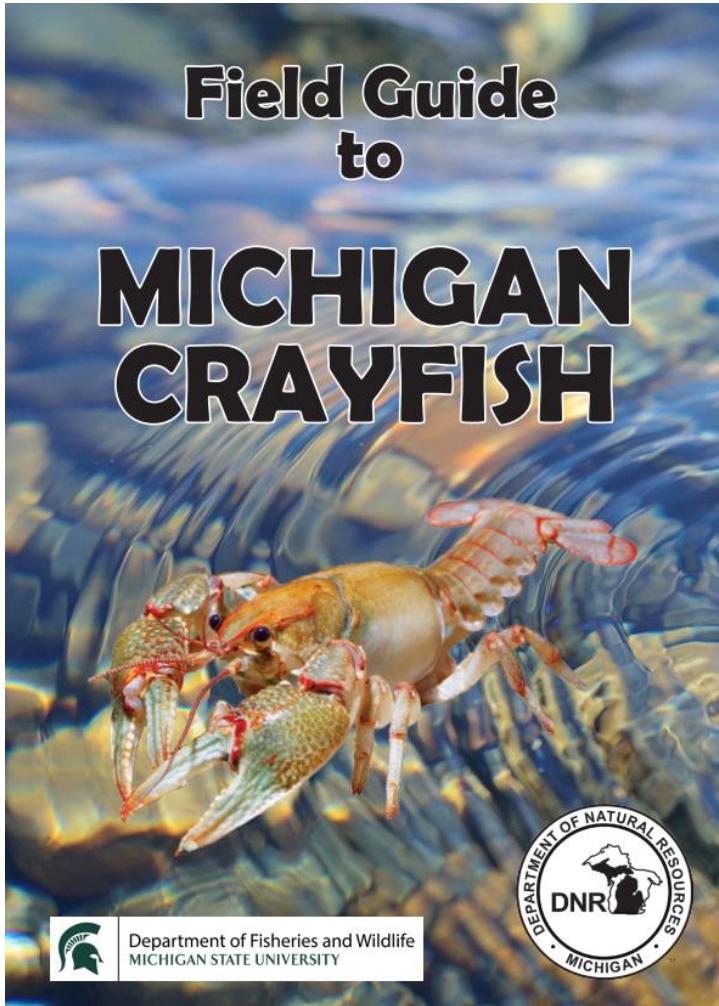
Home > Identify and Report

If you suspect you have found an invasive species, use these profiles to check the identification and find the appropriate way to report it. Invasive species of greatest concern in Michigan are on the "Watch List." Several species are prohibited or restricted in Michigan.

Species profiles and reporting information



AIS Identification: Online Field Guides



The image shows the cover and a page from the "AQUATIC INVASIVE PLANTS" field guide. The cover features a detailed illustration of a plant stem with green, fan-shaped leaves. The page is titled "INVASIVE | Carolina Fanwort" and includes a detailed description of the plant, its characteristics (submersed, grows up to 6.5 feet), and its history (once popular in aquarium trade). It also includes a detailed illustration of the plant with callouts for its features: "Small oval or diamond-shaped floating leaves are occasionally present", "Leaves have obvious leaf stalks (petioles)", "Flowers have 3 white petals, 3 white sepals, and a yellow center", and "Leaves are finely divided and fan shaped, Opposite leaf arrangement". A call to action at the bottom encourages reporting sightings to the Midwest Invasive Species Information Network.

AQUATIC INVASIVE PLANTS

A Field Guide for Michigan Lakes, Streams, and Ponds

INVASIVE | Carolina Fanwort
Cabomba caroliniana

Plant type: Submersed

Field notes: Carolina fanwort is mostly found in the southern half of the Lower Peninsula. It can grow up to 6.5 feet in length. Now illegal to possess, it was once a popular plant in the aquarium trade and was likely introduced to Michigan waters from aquarium releases.

Small oval or diamond-shaped floating leaves are occasionally present

Leaves have obvious leaf stalks (petioles)

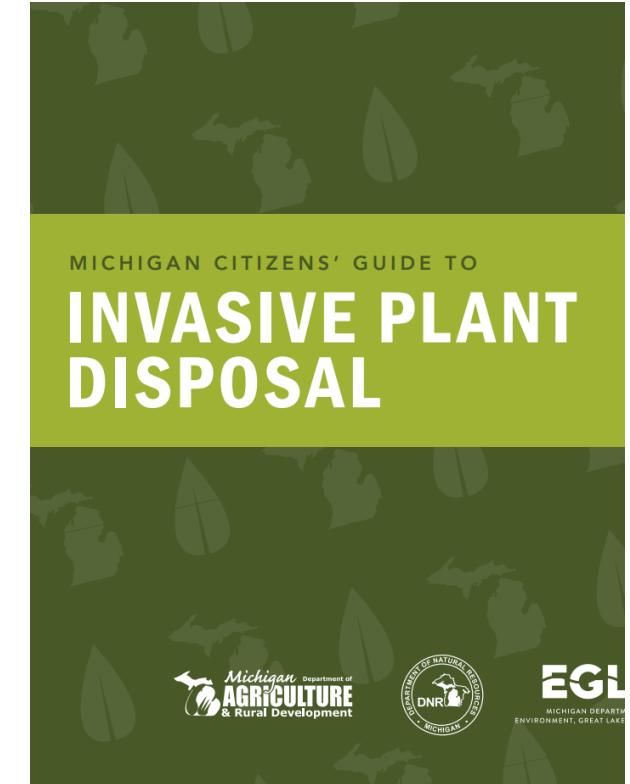
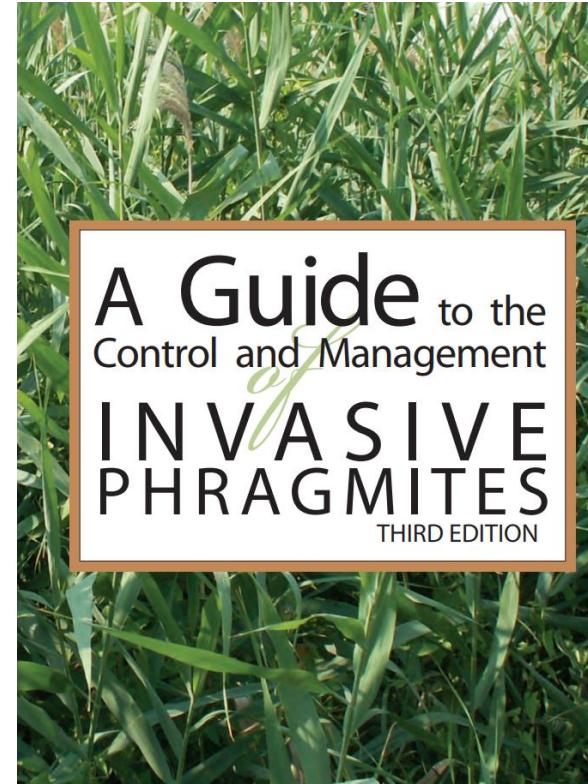
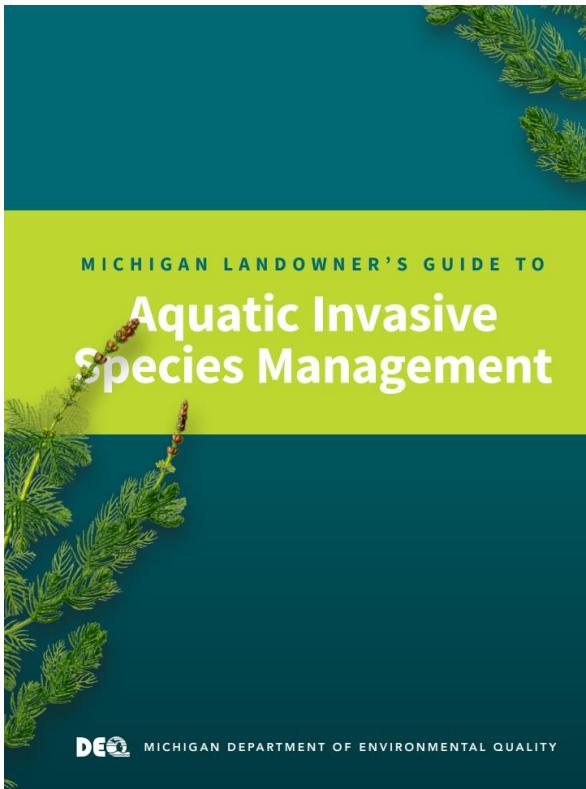
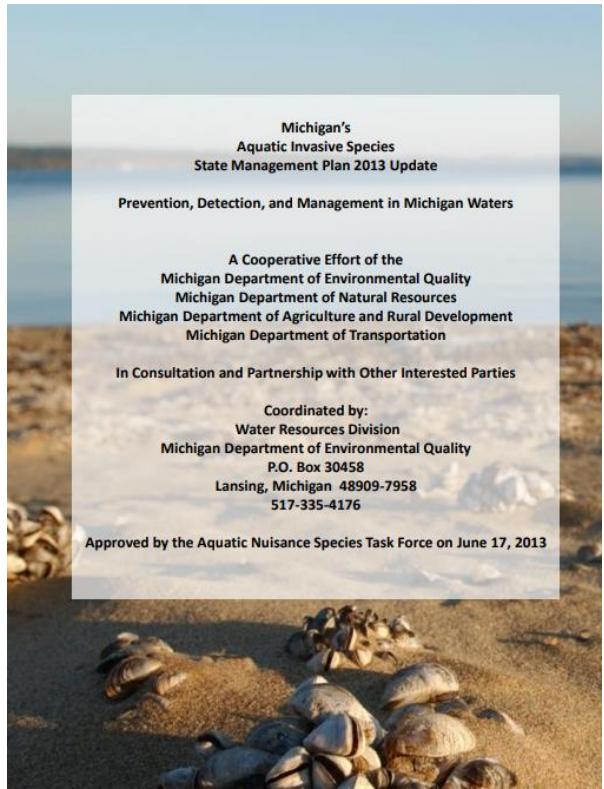
Flowers have 3 white petals, 3 white sepals, and a yellow center

Leaves are finely divided and fan shaped

Opposite leaf arrangement

Report this prohibited species to the Midwest Invasive Species Information Network (misin.msu.edu).

AIS Management Guides/Plans



AIS Video Series

Topics include:

- Cleaning Boats and Equipment
- Invasive Species Basics
- Invasive Species Decontamination
- Parrot Feather
- Phragmites
- Grass Carp
- Yellow Floating Heart
- Red Swamp Crayfish
- New Zealand Mud Snail
- Hydrilla *Coming Soon!*
- Don't Dump Your Bait *Coming Soon!*



AIS Webinars



Next Live Webinar: Wednesday, January 14, 2026

In a stranglehold: Can we prevent invasive mussels from muscling in on native populations?

Recorded AIS Webinars Include:

Something Strange in Your Neighborhood? Who Ya Gonna Call?

Digging in: Michigan's Unconventional Response to Hydrilla

What Lies Beneath: Detecting Invasive Plants in Michigan Lakes

Don't let it loose! Protecting Michigan's waterways from pesky pets and plants

Genes on the move: Understanding red swamp crayfish spread in southeastern Michigan

And many more!